

- 一、東晉初期有「王與馬共天下」之論，試評其義。(25%)
- 二、陳壽《三國志·魏書·武帝紀》評論曹操：「非常之人，超世之傑矣。」；三國時期吳人所著《曹瞞傳》論述曹操：「然持法峻刻，諸將有計畫勝出己者，隨以法誅之，及故人舊怨，亦皆無餘。其所刑殺，輒對之垂涕嗟痛之，終無所活。」。試論述曹操如何「超世之傑」？其「持法峻刻」的評價是否公允？(25%)
- 三、簡述宋朝程朱道學的發展，如代表人物及思想、道統觀、慶元黨禁、崇揚道學等。(25%)
- 四、試分析清末的變法與革命的發展與演變。(25%)

一、羅馬原本只是個小村落，但在數百年期間內，持續擴張成為龐大帝國。請問，是什麼樣的動力驅使羅馬人不斷擴張版圖？(25%)

二、Democratic Athens flourished in the fiercely competitive world of ancient Greece. It was well known for its wealth, culture and imperial power. However, Athens lost its empire to Sparta in 403 BCE, and its democracy was ended in 323 BCE by Macedon. Please explain BOTH the rise and decline of democratic Athens. (This is a huge topic. Do your best.) (25%)

三、二十世紀工業快速的發展造成許多世界性的環境安全與生態問題，直接威脅到人類與地球。請說明二十世紀中葉以來，工業科技所帶來的物質文明對於地球的生態與環境造成那些嚴重的危害？並請說明世界各國面對此問題的做法。(25%)

四、請翻譯下面這段英文為中文 (25%)

The century and a half between 1763 and 1914 stands out in the course of world history as the period of European domination over a large part of the globe. In 1763 Europe was still far from begin the master of the world. It had only coastal footholds in Africa and in Asia. But by 1914 the European powers had annexed the world of Africa, and they had effectively established their control over Asia, either directly, as in India and Southeast Asia, or indirectly, as in the Chinese and Ottoman empires. The unprecedented expansion of Europe was made possible by the continuation and acceleration of the modernization process. This process was set in motion earlier by the Renaissance, Reformation, technological development, capitalist enterprise, state building, and overseas expansion. These triggered a chain reaction in the form of the three great revolutions—scientific, industrial, and political—which gave Europe irresistible dynamism and power.

國立中正大學 105 學年度碩士班招生考試試題
系所別：歷史學系

科目：史學方法與史學理論

第 3 節

第 | 頁，共 | 頁

- 一、人們對「時間」這個概念的觀點可能因自身族群、社群的文化背景而異。從不同文化對時間的建構到探討時間在文化中的發展過程，請舉一位學者觀點（社會學家、人類學家或歷史學家皆可）加以說明。（25 分）
- 二、歷史解釋是一種複雜的知識活動；你怎樣認識歷史，可能影響你會怎樣去解釋它。請舉例說明一位歷史學者針對兩極化的意見，他會怎樣看待相關的事件或評論問題。（25 分）
- 三、中國傳統史學中對於史官（或史家）的要求（期望）為何？做為一個現代的史學研究者或工作者，你認為應具備的態度與能力為何？（25 分）
- 四、解釋名詞：每題 5 分，共計 25 分。
 1. 紀傳體
 2. 紀事本末體
 3. 實錄
 4. 《史通》
 5. Fernand Braudel, *The Mediterranean and the Mediterranean World in the Age of Philip II*